# MCS Sixth Grade MS CCR ELA Standards by Nine Weeks

#### **First Nine Weeks Standards:**

Reading Literature: 6.RL.1; 6.RL.2; 6.RL.3; 6.RL.4; 6.RL.5; 6.RL.7; 6.RL.9; 6.RL.10

**Reading Informational Text:** 6.RI.6

**Reading Foundational Skills:** 

Writing: 6.W.3a,b,c,d,e; 6.W.4; 6.W.5 Speaking and Listening: 6.SL.1a,b,c

**Language:** 6.L.1a,b,c,d,e; 6.L.2a,b; 6.L.4a,c,d,e; 6.L.5a,b,c; 6.L.6

## **Second Nine Weeks Standards:**

#### **Review Skills:**

Reading Literature: 6.RL.1; 6.RL.2; 6.RL.4; 6.RL.5; 6.RL.7; 6.RL.9; 6.RL.10

Reading Informational Text: Reading Foundational Skills:

**Writing:** 6.W.4; 6.W.5

**Speaking and Listening:** 6.SL.1a

**Language:** 6.L.1a,b,c,d; 6.L.5a,b; 6.L.6

#### **New Skills:**

Reading Informational Text: 6.RI.1; 6.RI.2; 6.RI.3; 6.RI.4; 6.RI.5; 6.RI.10

Writing: 6.W.2; 6.W.10 Language: 6.L.3a,b; 6.L.4b

#### **Third Nine Weeks Standards:**

#### **Review Skills:**

**Reading Literature:** 6.RL.1; 6.RL.2; 6.RL.5; 6.RL.7; 6.RL.9; 6.RL.10 **Reading Informational Text:** 6.RI.1; 6.RI.2; 6.RI.4; 6.RI.5; 6.RI.10

**Reading Foundational Skills:** 

Writing: 6.W.2; 6.W.4; 6.W.5; 6.W.10

**Speaking and Listening:** 6.SL.1a

**Language:** 6.L.1b,c,d; 6.L.3a,b; 6.L.4b; 6.L.5a,b; 6.L.6

New Skills:

**Reading Informational Text:** 6.RI.6; 6.RI.7; 6.RI.8; 6.RI.9

Writing: 6.W.1; 6.W.7; 6.W.8

Speaking and Listening: 6.SL.1d; 6.SL.2; 6.SL.3; 6.SL.4; 6.SL.5; 6.SL.6

Language: 6.L.4d

## **Fourth Nine Weeks Standards:**

## **Review Skills:**

**Reading Literature:** 6.RL.5; 6.RL.10

Reading Informational Text: 6.RI.5; 6.RI.7; 6.RI.9; 6.RI.10

**Reading Foundational Skills: Writing:** 6.W.7; 6.W.8; 6.W.10

**Speaking and Listening:** 

Language: 6.L.4b

# New Skills:

Writing: 6.W.9 Language: 6.L.1e

\*Highlighted text represents accelerated ELA standards.

Reading: Literature 6.RL

| CCR Anchor                          | MS CCR              |    | Mad   | stery  | ,  | "I Can" Statements                  | Clarifications  |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|----|-------|--------|----|-------------------------------------|---|
| Standard                            | Standard            |    | ivias | ster y |    | 1 Can Statements                    | Clarifications  |
| Read closely to                     | 6.RL.1 Cite         | 1  | 2*    | 3*     |    | I can formulate an inference.       | Sixth grade students will read and analyze texts from   |
| determine what the text             | several pieces of   |    |       |        |    |                                     | a variety of literary genres. They develop the ability to   |
| says explicitly and to              | textual             | 1* | 2*    | 3*     |    | I can determine what the text says  | closely examine the text's explicit content. While reading the text, students construct inferences, make  |
| make logical inferences             | evidence to         |    |       |        |    | explicitly and implicitly.          | connections, and generate questions and write down  |
| from it; cite specific              | support analysis    |    |       |        |    |                                     | specific parts of the text that help them explain their   |
| textual evidence when               | of what the         | 2  | 3*    | 4*     |    | I can cite from a text to justify   | thinking. In order to do this work, teachers can  |
| writing or speaking to              | text says           |    |       |        |    | analysis from the text.             | demonstrate and model for students how to refer to a  |
| support conclusions                 | explicitly as well  |    |       |        |    |                                     | text. Modeling may occur in the form of whole-class   |
| drawn from the text.                | as inferences       |    |       |        |    |                                     | think-alouds followed by think/pair/share activities  |
|                                     | drawn from the      |    |       |        |    |                                     | and guided practice. The teacher may also guide the students through the process of moving from analysis  |
|                                     | text.               |    |       |        |    |                                     | to synthesis. During this process, students carefully   |
| Determine central ideas             | 6.RL.2 Determine    | 1* | 2*    | 3*     | 4* | I can explain theme or central      | probe a segment of text by looking at the types of  |
| or themes of a text and             | a theme or central  |    |       |        |    | idea.                               | details in order to evaluate and determine the central  |
| analyze their development;          | idea of a text and  |    |       |        |    |                                     | idea and theme. The teacher and students work   |
| summarize the key                   | how it is           | 1* | 2*    | 3*     | 4* | I can interpret a theme or central  | together to reconstruct and understand the texts  |
| supporting details and              | conveyed through    |    |       |        |    | idea.                               | implied meaning. Students take the textual content to which they add their own prior knowledge (personal  |
| ideas.                              | particular details; |    |       |        |    |                                     | experience and/or previous reading) to create new   |
|                                     | provide a           | 1* | 2*    | 3*     | 4* | I can justify the theme or central  | information in the form of inferences. Students then  |
|                                     | summary of          |    |       |        |    | idea with cited evidence and        | refer back to the text to cite information that led to  |
|                                     | the text based      |    |       |        |    | explanation from the text.          | their inference. One way students learn to refer to the   |
|                                     | upon this           |    |       |        |    |                                     | text for support as they analyze and draw inferences is   |
|                                     | determination.      | 2  | 3*    | 4*     |    | I can develop an unbiased           | through the use of Socratic seminars. When engaged  |
|                                     |                     |    |       |        |    | summary based on factual            | in these seminars, students are prompted by their peers to provide support <i>from the text</i> for their |
|                                     |                     |    |       |        |    | information.                        | comments during a class discussion. In this way,  |
|                                     |                     | 1* | 2*    | 3*     | 4* |                                     | students begin the practice of referring to the text for  |
|                                     |                     |    |       |        |    | I can examine text to differentiate | support.  |
|                                     |                     |    |       |        |    | between textual facts and           |   |
|                                     |                     |    |       |        |    | opinions.                           | Students in the sixth grade learn how to summarize  |
| Analyze how and why                 | 6.RL.3 Describe     | 1  | 2*    | 3*     | 4* | I can assess and explain how a      | texts by evaluating key details in which the central  |
| individuals, events, and            | how the plot of a   |    |       |        |    | series of episodes/story elements   | idea or theme is located. They develop the ability to distinguish key (thematic) details from all other   |
| ideas develop and                   | literary text       |    |       |        |    | (e.g., exposition, rising action,   | details. In order to do this work, students should find a   |
| interact over the course of a text. | unfolds in a series |    |       |        |    | climax, resolution) unfolds within  | variety of details such as facts/ statistics, comparisons,  |
| or a text.                          |                     |    |       |        |    |                                     |   |

|  | of episodes as well as how the characters respond or change as the plot moves toward a resolution.     | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4*<br>4* | a story.  I can explain and support how a character responds and changes over the course of a story.  I can define and determine character traits with support from the text. | anecdotes, cause and effect, examples, and word choice. After we read the text whole class, the students are put in groups and asked to categorize the different types of details found in the text using graphic organizers or chart paper with sticky notes. While focusing on the key details, students evaluate recurring ideas and changes in the characters and plot over the course of the text to determine theme. Students will learn to monitor and keep track of such developmental changes through the use of graphic organizers. In this way, sixth graders are able to collect and effectively organize key thematic details and cited evidence within a text and create unbiased summaries withholding personal opinion and judgment.   |
|--|--|----|----|----|----------|---|--|
|  |  |    |    |    |          |   | Sixth graders will observe, analyze, and articulate how story characters and plot interact throughout a given text. Students will develop the ability to read and evaluate texts with the goal of understanding how the story's events and setting impact and shape the characters in different ways in addition students will provide support for their analysis. In order to do this work, students may use graphic organizers to determine how particular episodes may trigger various responses in characters, revealing one or more of the characters' traits. By doing this, students have a broad overview of all characters and corresponding plot developments, prompting students to further examine why such change occurs and at the same time, they observe how these changes add to the overall momentum of the story. Teachers will need to guide students in this thinking process at first, and then provide a gradual release of responsibility to students. |
| Interpret words and phrases as they are used in a text, including determining technical, connotative, and figurative meanings, and analyze | 6.RL.4 Determine<br>the meaning of<br>words and<br>phrases as they<br>are used in a text,<br>including | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4*<br>4* | I can analyze the impact of a specific word choice on meaning.  I can analyze the impact of specific word choice on tone.   | As students read texts in sixth grade, they are expected to determine and interpret the meaning of unfamiliar words. In order to do this work, teachers may model how to interpret word meanings using contextual clues. In doing so, teachers will model how to compose sentences with specific domain-vocabulary and context clues. Teachers may also provide students with  |

|   |                    |    |    |            |    |   | т |
|---|--------------------|----|----|------------|----|---|---|
| how specific word                                   | figurative and     |    |    |            |    | I can determine and analyze                                       |   |
| choices shape meaning                               | connotative        |    |    |            |    | sound devices and figurative                                      |   |
| or tone.  | meanings;          |    |    |            |    | language (e.g., simile, metaphor,                                 |   |
|   | analyze the        |    |    |            |    | personification, hyperbole, idiom,                                |   |
|   | impact of a        |    |    |            |    | denotation, connotation, imagery)                                 |   |
|   | specific word      |    |    |            |    | in the text.  |   |
|   | choice on          |    |    |            |    |   |   |
|   | meaning and        |    |    |            |    |   |   |
|   | tone               |    |    |            |    |   |   |
| Analyze the structure                               | 6.RL.5 Analyze     | 1* | 2* | 3*         | 4* | I can identify the theme of a text.                               | 1 |
| of texts, including how                             | how a particular   |    |    |            |    |   |   |
| specific sentences,                                 | sentence, chapter, |    |    |            |    | I can identify the setting of a text.                             |   |
| paragraphs, and larger                              | scene, or stanza   | 1* | 2* | 3*         | 4* |   |   |
| portions of the text                                | fits into the      |    |    |            |    | I can outline the plot of a text.                                 |   |
| (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate | overall structure  | 1* | 2* | 3*         | 4* | 1   |   |
| to each other and the                               | of a text and      |    |    |            |    | I can analyze and critique how a                                  |   |
| whole.  | contributes to the | 1* | 2* | 3*         | 4* | particular sentence, chapter,                                     |   |
|   | overall            |    |    |            |    | scene, or stanza contributes to the                               |   |
|   | development of     |    |    |            |    | overall structure of a text.                                      |   |
|   | the theme, setting |    |    |            |    | overall structure of a text.                                      |   |
|   | or plot.           |    |    |            |    | I can analyze and critique how a                                  |   |
|   | or prot.           |    |    |            |    | particular sentence, chapter,                                     |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | scene, or stanza contributes to the                               |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | overall development of the theme                                  |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | of a text.  |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    |   |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | I can analyze and critique how a                                  |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | particular sentence, chapter, scene, or stanza contributes to the |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | overall development of the setting                                |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | of a text.  |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    |   |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | I can analyze and critique how a                                  |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | particular sentence, chapter,                                     |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | scene, or stanza contributes to the                               |   |
|   |                    |    |    |            |    | overall development of the plot of                                |   |
| A access to construct and and                       | 6 DL 6 E1-1-       | -  | 2* | 3*         | 14 | a text.   | - |
| Assess how point of view or purpose shapes          | 6.RL.6 Explain     |    | Z* | <b>5</b> * | 4* | I can define point of view.                                       |   |
| view of purpose shapes                              | how an author      |    |    |            |    |   |   |

opportunities to discuss new word meanings with a partner, in a small group, or within a whole-class setting. Students should begin to understand the impact word choice has on the text as a whole. In addition, students should be exposed to Greek and Latin affixes. They learn to recognize and analyze the importance of choosing specific words to create meaning and tone. Mini-lessons on figurative language assist sixth graders as they apply this skill during independent reading.

Students in sixth grade are expected to determine how individual elements of a work (section, chapter, scene, or stanza, etc.) contribute to a text's overall scope. Students develop the ability to recognize how form relates to function and how a part relates to a whole. Teachers may use graphic organizers to assist students with the practice of identifying part to whole and whole to part relationships. Students also observe and articulate how the individual components of the text add to the development of the theme, setting, plot, and text structure. For example, students may critique a piece of literature with the purpose of articulating how a pivotal scene within a work may alter the course of the plot, reshaping the story. As students hone this skill, they see with greater clarity how individual elements of a text contribute and influence the development of the theme, setting, and plot.

Students are able to understand how the author develops the point-of-view of the narrator or speaker in the text. To build this understanding, teachers may provide students with discussion or writing tasks prompting them to reflect upon certain scenes within a text and imagine how their content/ style would change if the narrator's point-of-view shifted to an alternate point-of-view. For example, students could reflect upon a particularly personal, introspective scene described in first-person point of view and wonder: Would this scene evoke the same reaction in the reader if told from 3rd person point-of-view? How does 1st person allow one to peer more deeply into a character's psyche than perhaps other viewpoints? After being able to answer these

| the content and style of a text.   | develops the point<br>of view of the<br>narrator or<br>speaker of a text.   |      | 2*           | 3*       | 4*             | I can determine and distinguish the point of view of the narrator of a text and my own point of view.  I can analyze how the author develops the point of view.   | questions, students can reconstruct the text from a different point of view. To build this understanding, students should determine how the author developed his/her point of view. In order to do this, the teacher will model how to examine the content, characters' perspective, and word choice from the text.  |
|--|---|------|--------------|----------|----------------|---|--|
| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.       | 6.RL.7 Compare and contrast the experience of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing an audio, video, or live version of the text, including contrasting what they "see" and "hear" when reading the text to what they perceive when they listen or watch | 1* 1 | 2*<br>2<br>2 | 3*<br>3* | 4*<br>4*<br>4* | I can define and distinguish between compare and contrast.  I can determine and elaborate with support the similarities between the experiences of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing the audio, video, or live version of the same text.  I can determine and elaborate with support the differences between the experiences of reading a story, drama, or poem to listening to or viewing the audio, video, or live version of the same text.  I can contrast what is "seen" and "heard" when reading a text to what is perceived when a text is listened to or watched | Sixth grade students will compare and contrast texts across various genres on the same theme or topic. Teachers may engage the students by teaching a thematic unit. Teachers may integrate a variety of audio and/or visual materials based upon the text so as to appeal to students' senses. For example, in a particular unit, students may read sections of a novel on the topic supplemented with non-fiction articles. They may also view, analyze, and discuss film clips. The class may also read aloud selected poems. Students will research the theme or topic being discussed to find multiple sources. By doing this, students can evaluate multiple avenues to the same subject comparing what they see and hear to what they listen to and watch.  Sixth grade students should be able to compare and contrast texts of different genres that share similar themes. Students need to read each text closely and analyze how each author conveys the same message through different avenues with the support of a Venn Diagram or other graphic organizer. Students will also need to be able to pull cited evidence to support the comparisons and contrasts derived from their analysis. Students may also choose to investigate the authors' dissimilar backgrounds that inspire such works (themes) |
| Delineate and evaluate<br>the argument and<br>specific claims in a<br>text, including the<br>validity of the<br>reasoning as well as the | 6.RL.8  |      |              |          |                |   | and compare/contrast how each author infuses their philosophy and persona into their work.   |

| relevance and sufficiency of the evidence.   |  |    |    |    |          |  |   |
|--|--|----|----|----|----------|--|---|
| Analyze how two or<br>more texts address<br>similar themes or<br>topics in order to build<br>knowledge or to | 6.RL.9 Compare<br>and contrast texts<br>in different forms<br>or genres (e.g.<br>stories and                       | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4*       | I can identify the characteristics of different genres (e.g., stories, poems, historical novels, fantasy stories).   |   |
| compare the approaches the authors take.   | poems, historical<br>novels and<br>fantasy stories) in<br>terms of their   | 1  | 2  | 3* | 4*       | I can interpret and explain the theme in two or more genres (e.g., stories, poems, historical novels, fantasy  |   |
|  | approaches to similar themes and topics.   | 1  | 2  | 3* | 4*       | I can interpret and explain the topic in two or more genres (e.g., stories, poems, historical novels,  |   |
|  |  | 1  | 2  | 3* | 4*       | I can compare and contrast how two or more stories in different genres approach a similar theme or topic.  |   |
| Read and comprehend<br>complex literary and<br>informational texts<br>independently and<br>proficiently.     | 6.RL.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and                     | 1  | 2  | 3  | 4*<br>4* | I can read literature, including stories, dramas, and poem in the grade 6-8 text complexity.  I can comprehend literature, including stories, dramas, and poem in the grade 6-8 text | Students should encounter appropriately complex texts at each grade level in order to develop the mature language skills and the conceptual knowledge needed for success in school and life. Effective scaffolding should allow the reader to encounter the text with minimal clarifications. It should not replace the text by translating its contents for students.  |
|  | poems in the grade 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. |    |    |    |          | complexity.  | Students will be able to determine when they are not comprehending and making meaning, and they will be able to apply appropriate strategies in order to increase comprehension when faced with difficult text. Standard 10 defines a grade-by-grade staircase of increasing text complexity that rises from beginning reading to the college and career readiness level. Whatever they are reading, students must also show a steadily growing |

| ability to discern more from and make fuller use of text, |
|---|
| including making an increasing number of connections      |
| among ideas and between texts, considering a wider        |
| range of textual evidence, and becoming more sensitive    |
| to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in    |
| texts. Students also acquire the habit of reading         |
| independently and analyzing closely, which are essential  |
| to their future success.                                  |
|   |

Sixth grade-accelerated students will be exposed to more advanced and complex text to analyze and respond as a way to exemplify mastery.

# Reading: Informational Text

6.RI

| CCR Anchor                               | MS CCR              |     |       |    |                                     |   |
|--|---------------------|-----|-------|----|-------------------------------------|---|
|  |                     | Mas | stery |    | "I Can" Statements                  | Clarifications  |
| Standard                                 | Standard            |     |       |    |                                     |   |
| Read closely to                          | 6.RI.1 Cite         |     | 3*    | 4* | I can distinguish the difference    | Sixth grade students will read and analyze  |
| determine what the text                  | textual evidence    |     |       |    | between cite and cited evidence.    | informational texts. They develop the ability to  |
| says explicitly and to                   | to support          |     | 3*    | 4* |                                     | closely examine and respond to the text's content.  |
| make logical inferences                  | analysis of what    |     |       |    | I can locate and cite textual       | They also learn how to look for and identify deeper   |
| from it; cite specific                   | the text says       |     |       |    | evidence that supports the explicit | meanings within the text by drawing inferences. In order to do this work, teachers can demonstrate and        |
| textual evidence when                    | explicitly as well  |     |       |    | analysis of informational text.     | model how to refer back to a text for support.  |
| writing or speaking to                   | as inferences       |     |       |    | -                                   | Modeling may occur in the form of whole-class think-  |
| support conclusions                      | drawn from the      | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can define inference.             | alouds followed by think/pair/share activities and  |
| drawn from the text.                     | text.               |     |       |    |                                     | guided practice.  |
|  |                     | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can develop inferences from       |   |
|  |                     |     |       |    | informational text.                 | The teacher may also guide students through the   |
|  |                     |     |       |    |                                     | process of moving from analysis to synthesis. During<br>this process, students carefully examine a segment of |
|  |                     | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can locate and cite textual       | text. Students take the text's content and add prior  |
|  |                     |     |       |    | evidence to support inferences      | knowledge (personal experience and/or previous  |
|  |                     |     |       |    | drawn from an informational         | reading) to create new information in the form of   |
|  |                     |     |       |    |                                     | inferences. In addition, students should cite evidence  |
| Determine central ideas                  | 6.RI.2 Determine    | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can determine the central idea of | to support their inference. Students can learn to refer   |
| or themes of a text and                  | a central idea of a |     |       |    | an informational text.              | to the text for support as they analyze and draw inferences through the use of Socratic seminars or           |
| analyze their                            | text and how it is  |     |       |    |                                     | other collaborative sessions. When engaged in these   |
| development;                             | conveyed through    | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can cite and explain supporting   | seminars, students are prompted by their peers to   |
| summarize the key supporting details and | particular details; |     |       |    | details of an informational text.   | provide support from the text for their comments  |
| supporting uctans and                    | provide a           |     |       |    |                                     | during a class discussion. In this way, students begin  |

| ideas.                                       | summary of the     | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  | I can analyze a text to determine                         | the practice of referring to the text for support.  |
|--|--------------------|---|--------------|-----|---|---|
| lucas.                                       | text distinct from |   | . 3          | 4   | how the particular details are                            | the practice of referring to the text for support.  |
|  | personal opinions  |   |              |     | used to support the main idea of                          | Students in the sixth grade will learn how to   |
|  | or judgments       |   |              |     | an informational text.                                    | summarize texts by evaluating key details. They   |
|  | of judgments       |   |              |     | an imormational text.                                     | develop the ability to determine the supporting details   |
|  |                    |   | 3*           | 4*  | I can determine how the author's                          | from the extraneous details. Students should find a   |
|  |                    |   | 3"           | 4"  |   | variety of details such as facts/statistics, comparisons,   |
|  |                    |   |              |     | personal opinion and judgment influence the text.         | anecdotes, cause and effect, examples, and word   |
|  |                    |   |              |     | influence the text.                                       | choice. Teachers may guide students (as they use organizers and other tools) and lead them to analyze |
|  |                    | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  | I can formulate an unbiased                               | how individual events or ideas are introduced and   |
|  |                    |   | . 3          | 4   | summary of an informational                               | elaborated upon in a text. Teachers will need to guide  |
|  |                    |   |              |     |   | students in this thinking process at first, and then  |
| Analysis have and subse                      | CDI 2 A1 !         | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  | text.   | provide a gradual release of responsibility to students.  |
| Analyze how and why individuals, events, and | 6.RI.3 Analyze in  | 2 | . 3"         | 4"  | I can determine key individuals in an informational text. |   |
| ideas develop and                            | detail how a key   |   |              |     | an informational text.                                    |   |
| interact over the course                     | individual, event, | 2 | ν <b>α</b> ν | 4.4 | To a determine to an analysis and                         |   |
| of a text.                                   | or idea is         | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  |   |   |
|  | introduced,        |   |              |     | informational text.                                       |   |
|  | illustrated, and   | _ | ٠ ،          | 4 4 | T 10 11 11 1  |   |
|  | elaborated in a    | 2 | * 3          | 4*  |   |   |
|  | text               |   |              |     | informational text.                                       |   |
|  |                    | 2 | ν <b>α</b> ν | 4.4 | I 1. C 1.4.   |   |
|  |                    | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  | I can define anecdote.                                    |   |
|  |                    | 2 | * 3*         | 4*  | I can analyze, through examples                           |   |
|  |                    |   | 3            | -   | and/or anecdotes, how key                                 |   |
|  |                    |   |              |     | individuals are introduced,                               |   |
|  |                    |   |              |     | illustrated, and elaborated in an                         |   |
|  |                    |   |              |     | informational text.                                       |   |
| Interpret words and                          | 6.RI.4 Determine   | 2 | . 3*         | 4*  |   | As students read informational texts in sixth grade, they   |
| phrases as they are                          | the meaning of     |   | , ,          | 7   | examples of figurative language                           | are expected to determine and interpret the meaning of  |
| used in a text,                              | words and          |   |              |     | within an informational text.                             | unfamiliar words. In order to do this work, teachers may  |
| including determining                        | phrases as they    |   |              |     | within an informational text.                             | model how to interpret word meanings using contextual   |
| technical, connotative,                      | are used in a text | 2 | 3*           | 4*  | I can determine the figurative                            | clues. Teachers may also provide students with  |
| and figurative                               | including          |   | , ,          | 7   | meaning of words and phrases in                           | opportunities to discuss new word meanings with a   |
| meanings, and analyze                        | figurative,        |   |              |     | an informational text.                                    | partner, in a small group, or within a whole-class  |
| how specific word choices shape meaning      | connotative, and   |   |              |     | an informational text.                                    | setting. In addition, teachers may provide students opportunities to compose sentences with their own |
| or tone.                                     | technical meaning  | 2 | 3*           | 4*  | I can determine the connotative                           | context clues to help demonstrate meaning of domain-  |
|  | technical meaning  |   | , J.,        | 4"  | 1 can determine the connotative                           |   |

|  |  |   |    |    |    | T  | _  |
|--|--|---|----|----|----|--|--|
|  |  |   |    |    |    | meaning of words and phrases in an informational text.   | s <sub>1</sub>   |
|  |  |   | 2  | 3* | 4* | I can define technical writing (e.g., concise, objective writing about a specific topic).  | a in S   |
|  |  |   | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can determine the technical meaning of words and phrases in an informational text.   | in c. so for our control of the cont |
| Analyze the structure  | 6.RI.5 Analyze   |   | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can determine with justification   | h<br>c   |
| of texts, including how specific sentences,  | how a particular sentence,   |   | 2  | 3  | 4  | the text structure of an informational text.   | S  |
| paragraphs, and larger portions of the text (e.g., a section, chapter, scene, or stanza) relate to each other and the whole. | paragraph,<br>chapter, or<br>section fits into<br>the overall<br>structure of a text<br>and contributes to |   | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can analyze and critique how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section of a text fits into the overall structure of an informational text.                         | ar<br>T<br>st<br>d<br>u<br>d   |
|  | the development<br>of ideas  |   | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can analyze and critique how a particular sentence, paragraph, chapter, or section of a text contributes to the overall development of the ideas within an informational text. | th<br>of<br>F<br>q<br>ir<br>p  |
| Assess how point of view or purpose shapes   | 6.RI.6 Determine the author's point  | 1 | 2  | 3* | 4* | I can determine and distinguish the author's point of view in  | =  |
| the content and style of a text.   | of view or   |   |    |    |    | informational text and my own  |  |
| u text.  | purpose in a text  | 1 | 2  | 3* | 4* | point of view.   |  |
|  | and explain how it is conveyed in  | 1 | 2  | 3. | 4  | I can articulate the author's  |  |

specific vocabulary words. Students should be exposed to Greek and Latin affixes to help determine unknown vocabulary. Mini-lessons on figurative language may assist sixth graders as they apply this skill during independent reading.

Students in sixth grade are expected to determine how individual elements of informational texts (sentence, chapter, section, etc.) contribute to a text's overall scope. Students develop the ability to recognize how form relates to function (text structure) and how a part relates to a whole. Teachers may also use graphic organizers to assist students with the practice of identifying part to whole and whole to part relationships. As students hone this skill, they see with greater clarity how individual elements of a text contribute to its main concept and development of ideas.

Students are able to critique and understand how the author develops his/her own point-of-view in the text. The student should identify the author's use of content, structure, and word choice to analyze how the author develops his/her point of view. To build this understanding, teachers may provide students with discussion or writing tasks prompting them to reflect upon certain portions within a text and imagine how their content/ style would change if the author's point-of-view shifted to an alternate purpose/point-of-view. For example, teachers may prompt students with questions like: "If the author's purpose shifted from informing his/her audience about facts and details to persuading them to take action, how would the tone and style of this text change?"

| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    A  |
|--|
| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.  I can use and analyze pictures, charts, graphs, etc. to help explain a topic or issue.  I can integrate by comparing and contrast texts across various genres on the same theme or topic. For example, students may read several news articles on a particular issue and also watch a documentary on the same issue to gain a well-rounded perspective of what the issue to gain in service to develop a tricker and particular size and also watch a documentary on the same issue to gain a well-rounded perspective of what the issue to gain insight information from all media to assess and better understand how each is presented. To do this work, students may practice highlighting information from articles and note-taking from live media for assessment.   D |
| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.  Integrate and evaluate to diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.  Integrate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  conveyed in an information text.  I can define integrate.  3   |
| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    A  |
| Integrate and evaluate content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, and quantitatively, as well as in words.  Sixth grade students will compare and contrast texts across various genres on the same theme or topic. For example, students may read several news articles on a particular issue and also watch a documentary on the same issue to gain a well-rounded perspective of what the issue entails. Students will research and gather information from all media to assess and better understanding of a topic or issue.  The contrast (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a state of the presented and evaluate the contrast in a state of the presented and analyze pictures, charts, graphs, etc. to help explain a topic or issue.  I can use and analyze pictures, charts, graphs, etc. to help explain a topic or issue.  I can integrate information special to assess and better understand how each is presented. To do this work, students may practice highlighting information from articles and note-taking from live media to gain insight into the overall scope of an issue. In addition, students will formulate a written or verbal response of their assessment.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a state in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's contrast two author's contrast two author's across various genres on the same theme or topic. For example, students may read several news articles on a particular issue and also watch a documentary on the same issue to gain a well-rounded perspective of what the issue entails. Students may read several news articles on a particular issue and also watch a documentary on the same issue to gain a well-rounded perspective of w |
| content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    Content presented in diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    Content presented in different media or formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    Content presented in different media or formats (e.g. visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.    Content presented in different media or formats, including visually, quantitatively, as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.    Contrasting information taken from various media, formats, or texts.    Contrasting information taken from various media, formats, or texts.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information taken from various media, formats, or texts.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.    Cohe |
| diverse media and formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.    Second or content understanding of a topic or issue.   |
| formats, including visually and quantitatively, as well as in words.  I can integrate by comparing and contrasting information the issue entails. Students will research and gather information from all media to assess and better understanding of a topic or issue.  I can integrate by comparing and contrasting information taken from various media, formats, or texts.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a sin words.  I can define argument.  Students may practice lighlighting information from various media, formats, or texts.  L can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  L can define argument.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text. Students at this level compare and contrast two author's  |
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| quantitatively, as well as in words.  I can integrate by comparing and contrasting information taken from various media, formats, or texts.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  I can define argument.  I can define argument.  a topic or issue.  I can integrate by comparing and contrasting information taken from various media, formats, or texts.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from taken from various media, formats, or texts.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's  |
| as in words.  Visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  Visually, quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  3  |
| quantitatively) as well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  quantitatively) as well as in words well as in words to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  3   |
| to develop a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  3 4*  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a coherent understanding of the acquirent and specific claims in a coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text. Students at this level compare and contrast two author's   |
| coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a coherent understanding of a topic or issue.  3 4*  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  3 4*  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a spe |
| will formulate a written or verbal response of their assessment.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  Order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's   |
| I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  Understanding of a topic or issue.  I can demonstrate and justify coherent understanding of the topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students are expected to evaluate data, arguments and claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's   |
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| topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  3* 4* I can define claim.  topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  1 can define argument.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's students at this level compare at the state of the students at the state of  |
| topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a  topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  1 can define argument.  3* 4* I can define claim.  topic or issue using information from various media/formats.  1 can define argument.  2 claims in a text in order to distinguish those supported by evidence from those which are not. Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's   |
| Delineate and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a from various media/formats.  from various media/formats.  Students also evaluate if there is enough evidence to support a particular claim within an informational text.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's  |
| the argument and specific claims in a specific claim claim claims in a specific claims in a specific claims in a specific claim claim claims in a specific claim claim claim claims in a specific claim clai |
| specific claims in a specific claims in a argument 3* 4* I can define claim.  Students at this level compare and contrast two author's   |
| specific claims in a grayment 3* 4* 1 can define claim.  |
|  |
| text, including the presentations of similar events. For example, students   |
| validity of the  |
| same person's biography. In this way, students are able  |
| sufficiency of the claims that are   |
| evidence supported from 3* 4* I can trace the main points of an  |
| claims that are argument or claim through which it is being portrayed. By doing this,  |
| students are able to make text-to-text connections across  |
| 3* 4* Lean evaluate the main points of different authors' perspectives and explore these   |
| an argument. implications.   |
|  |
| 3* 4* I can identify and critique reasons  |
| and evidence in a text.  |
|  |

| Analyze how two or more texts address similar themes or topics in order to build knowledge or to compare the approaches the authors take. | 6.RI.9 Compare and contrast one author's presentation of events with that of another (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person)                               |   | 3*  | 4*<br>4* | I can distinguish between supported and unsupported claims.  I can identify with support from each text the similarities among common events in texts written by different authors (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person).  I can identify with support from each text the differences among common events in texts written by different authors (e.g., a memoir written by and a biography on the same person). |  |
|---|---|---|-----|----------|--|--|
| Read and comprehend complex literary and informational texts independently and proficiently.  | 6.RI.10 By the end of the year, read and comprehend literary nonfiction in grades 6-8 text complexity band proficiently, with scaffolding as needed at the high end of the range. | 1 | 2 3 | 4*       | I can comprehend literary nonfiction within the 6-8 grade text complexity band   | Literary nonfiction includes the subgenres of exposition, argument, and functional text in the form of personal essays, speeches, opinion pieces, essays about art or literature, some biographies, journalism, and historical, scientific, technical or economic accounts (including digital sources) written for a broad audience.  Students will be able to determine when they are not comprehending and making meaning, and they will be able to apply appropriate strategies in order to increase comprehension when faced with difficult text.  Students should encounter appropriately complex texts at each grade level in order to develop the mature language skills and the conceptual knowledge needed for success in school and life. Effective scaffolding should allow the reader to encounter the text with minimal clarifications. It should not replace the text by translating its contents for students. Standard 10 defines a grade-by-grade staircase of increasing text complexity that rises from beginning reading to the college and career readiness level. Whatever they are reading, |

|  |                                   |           |                                    | students must also show a steadily growing ability to discern more from and make fuller use of text, including making an increasing number of connections among ideas and between texts, considering a wider range of textual evidence, and becoming more sensitive to inconsistencies, ambiguities, and poor reasoning in texts. Students also acquire the habit of reading independently and analyze closely, which are essential to their future success.  Sixth grade accelerated students will be exposed to more advanced and complex text to analyze and respond as a way to exemplify mastery. |
|--|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|--|
| Writing                                    |                                   |           |                                    | 6.W  |
|  |                                   |           |                                    |  |
| CCR Anchor<br>Standard                     | MS CCR<br>Standard                | Mastery   | "I Can" Statements                 | Clarifications   |
| Write arguments to                         | 6.W.1 Write                       |           |                                    | Sixth grade students will understand how to write  |
| support claims in an                       | arguments to                      |           |                                    | arguments that accurately support a given claim with relevant evidence and valid reasoning. To do this work,   |
| analysis of substantive                    | support claims with clear reasons |           |                                    | teachers may instruct students to research and work with   |
| topics or texts, using valid reasoning and | and relevant                      |           |                                    | a partner, in a small group or within a whole-class  |
| relevant and sufficient evidence.          | evidence                          |           |                                    | setting in order to share ideas, discuss/debate, and gain further insight into a particular issue from a text or issue surrounding the text.   |
|  | a. Introduce                      | 3* 4*     | I can introduce a claim clearly.   | surrounding the text.  |
|  | claims and                        |           |                                    | At this level, students are learning to examine  |
|  | organize their                    | 3* 4*     | I can identify credible sources to | information in order to be able to construct logical   |
|  | evidence and                      |           | support a claim.                   | arguments using an authoritative, formal voice. In order   |
|  | reasons clearly.                  |           |                                    | to develop this skill, students can practice writing well-   |
|  |                                   | Q.3. 4.2. |                                    | supported compositions in which each asserted claim is backed by strong evidence. Students may benefit from  |
|  | b. Support claims                 | 3* 4*     | I can organize reasons and         | the use of a graphic organizer in which they can shape   |
|  | with clear reasons                |           | evidence to support an argument.   | their thesis followed by their particular claims and   |
|  | and relevant evidence, using      |           | I can write clear and purposeful   | corresponding evidence before proceeding to the paper's  |
|  | credible sources                  | 3* 4*     | statements in support of an        | full development. Students begin their paper with an   |
|  | and                               | 5 4       | argument or claim.                 | introduction including a thesis statement and end the  |
|  | demonstrating an                  |           |                                    | paper with a concluding section. Many students also  |
|  | understanding of                  |           |                                    | benefit from a checklist for their writing in order to   |

|  | a topic or text.  c. Use words, phrases and clauses to clarify the relationships among claims and reasons. | 3* | 4* | I can clarify relationships using transitions (e.g., words, phrases, and clauses). | develop and maintain autonomy over their work.  Students will learn how to understand, organize, and convey complex information in a written composition.  To do this work, students need to first acquire a deep and thorough understanding of the material they select and decide on the strongest strategies that clearly and accurately present the information. To increase understanding, students may: seek to define any or all unknown terms, create charts and graphs to determine cause/effect relationships between facts, make comparisons and contrasts in terms of data, glean noteworthy quotations about the material from experts, |
|--|--|----|----|--|--|
|  | d. Establish and maintain a formal style.  | 3* | 4* | I can define a formal style.   | worthy quotations about the inaterial from experts, watch informational videos so as to observe the material "come alive". This analysis of information allows students to then translate his or her knowledge of the  |
|  |  | 3* | 4* | I can identify formal style in an example piece of writing                         | subject into written format.  Sixth grade students will write narratives based upon  |
|  | Describe a   | 3* | 4* | I can maintain a formal style throughout a piece of writing.                       | imagined and/or real events. They develop the technique of weaving a piece of their own creation together that   |
|  | e. Provide a concluding statement or section that follows from the   | 3* | 4* | I can write a concluding section that follows the argument presented.              | adheres to basic narrative structure. Students present a conflict, build the rising action, create a climax, describe the falling action and wrap up the story in the resolution. Students will understand and exemplify the necessity of  |
|  | argument presented.  | 3* | 4* | I can write a concluding section that follows the argument presented.              | momentum in a story how a story must move from scene to scene with the aid of transitions. Teachers may reinforce how these actions hold the readers' attention and clarify the plot. Students may learn how to create a   |
| Write informative/<br>explanatory texts to<br>examine and convey<br>complex ideas and<br>information clearly and | 6.W.2 Write informative/ Explanatory texts to examine a  |    |    |  | narrator, a protagonist/antagonist, and how to develop peripheral secondary characters using descriptions of both physical and character traits.   |
| accurately through the effective selection, organization, and analysis of content                                | topic and convey ideas, concepts and information through the selection,                                    |    |    |  | Sixth grade accelerated students will view and critique writing samples while giving feedback collaboratively and independently. To assist, teachers will give students a rubric and ensure that they understand their role as a   |
|  | organization, and analysis of  |    |    |  | critic.  |

| relevant content.   |    |    |    |  |  |
|---------------------|----|----|----|--|--|
| a. Introduce a      | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can compose informative/             |  |
| topic, organize     |    |    |    | explanatory texts.                     |  |
| ideas, concepts,    |    |    |    |  |  |
| and information,    | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can write an effective               |  |
| using strategies    |    |    |    | introduction and a thesis              |  |
| such as definition, |    |    |    | statement to a topic.                  |  |
| classification,     | 2* | 3* | 4* |  |  |
| compare/            |    |    |    | I can assess and organize ideas,       |  |
| contrast, and       |    |    |    | concepts, and information.             |  |
| cause and effect;   | 2* | 3* | 4* |  |  |
| include             |    |    |    | I can <mark>assess and</mark> organize |  |
| formatting          |    |    |    | information using multiple             |  |
| (e.g., headings),   |    |    |    | strategies (e.g., definition,          |  |
| graphics (e.g.,     |    |    |    | classification, compare/contrast,      |  |
| charts,             |    |    |    | cause and effect).                     |  |
| tables), and        | 2* | 3* | 4* |  |  |
| multimedia when     |    |    |    | I can write using formatting,          |  |
| useful to aid       |    |    |    | graphics, and multimedia to            |  |
| comprehension.      |    |    |    | support the topic.                     |  |
| b. Develop the      |    |    |    |  |  |
| topic with          | 2* | 3* | 4* |  |  |
| relevant            |    |    |    | I can support the topic with           |  |
| facts, definitions, |    |    |    | relevant facts, details, quotes, and   |  |
| concrete details,   |    |    |    | examples.                              |  |
| quotations, or      |    |    |    |  |  |
| other information   |    |    |    |  |  |
| and examples.       |    |    |    |  |  |
| c. Use appropriate  |    |    |    |  |  |
| transitions to      | 2* | 3* | 4* |  |  |
| clarify the         |    |    |    | I can select and use various           |  |
| relationships       |    |    |    | transitions to connect and clarify     |  |
| among ideas and     |    |    |    | the relationships among ideas and      |  |
| concepts.           |    |    |    | concepts.                              |  |

|   | d. Use precise language and domain-specific vocabulary to inform about or explain the topic.   | 2*    | 3* | 4* | I can explain and support a topic using descriptive details and domain-specific vocabulary. |
|---|--|-------|----|----|---|
|   | e. Establish and maintain a formal style.  f. Provide a concluding   | 2*    | 3* | 4* | I can write in a formal style.  |
|   | statement or<br>section that<br>follows from the<br>information<br>or explanation<br>presented.  | 2*    | 3* | 4* | I can create a concluding statement/section based on information/explanation presented.     |
| Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, well-chosen details, and well-structured event sequences. | 6.W.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective techniques, relevant descriptive details, and well- structured event sequences. |       |    |    |   |
|   | a. Engage and orient the reader  | 1* 2* | 3* | 4* | I can describe the characteristics of a narrative.  |

| by establish            | ning a      |               |    |                                     |  |
|-------------------------|-------------|---------------|----|-------------------------------------|--|
| context and             | -           | 2* 3*         | 4* | I can create an engaging            |  |
|                         |             | 2. 3.         | 4  | introduction to a narrative (e.g.,  |  |
| introducing narrator an |             |               |    | _                                   |  |
|                         |             |               |    | flashback, dialogue, question,      |  |
| characters;             |             |               |    | snapshot).                          |  |
| organize ar             |             |               |    | -Introduce and develop a            |  |
| event seque             |             |               |    | narrator.                           |  |
| that unfold             |             |               |    | -Introduce and develop the          |  |
| naturally a             | nd          |               |    | characters.                         |  |
| logically.              |             |               |    |                                     |  |
|                         | 1*          | 2* 3*         | 4* | I can organize a logical plot       |  |
|                         |             |               |    | sequence.                           |  |
| 1. 11                   | 14          | <b>ე</b> ∗ 2∗ | 14 | I con develor and the vice          |  |
| b. Use narr             |             | 2* 3*         | 4* | I can develop and elaborate         |  |
| techniques              |             |               |    | experiences, events, and/or         |  |
| as dialogue             |             |               |    | characters using narrative          |  |
| pacing, and             |             |               |    | techniques (e.g., dialogue, pacing, |  |
| description             | , to        |               |    | and description).                   |  |
| develop                 |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| experience              |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| events, and             |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| characters.             |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| c. Use a va             | rioty of 1* | 2* 3*         | 4* | I can compose using transitions     |  |
| transition v            | *           | 2. 3.         | 4  |                                     |  |
|                         |             |               |    | (e.g., words, phrases, clauses) to  |  |
| phrases, an             |             |               |    | convey sequence from one time       |  |
| clauses to o            | ·           |               |    | setting to another.                 |  |
| sequence a              |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| signal shift            |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| one time fr             |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| setting to a            | nother.     |               |    |                                     |  |
| d. Use pred             | ice         |               |    |                                     |  |
| words and               |             | 2* 3*         | 4* | I can compose using appropriate     |  |
| phrases, re             | -           | <u> </u>      | +  | descriptive, relevant, significant  |  |
| descriptive             |             |               |    | details and sensory language to     |  |
| _                       |             |               |    |                                     |  |
| details, and            | ļ.          |               |    | convey experiences and events.      |  |

|  | sensory language to convey experiences and events.  e. Provide a conclusion that follows from the narrated experiences or events.   | 1* | 2*             | 3*       | 4*             | I can create a conclusion to a narrative that logically follows the narrated experiences.  |   |
|--|---|----|----------------|----------|----------------|--|---|
| Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. | 6.W.4 Produce clear and coherent writing in which the development, organization, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience. (Grade specific expectations for writing types are defined in standards 1-3 above) | 1* | 2*<br>2*<br>2* | 3*<br>3* | 4*<br>4*<br>4* | I can analyze and assess the reason for writing a piece to decide on task, purpose, and audience.  I can determine and apply appropriate organizational strategies for a specific type of writing.  I can create writing that is clear and coherent with idea, development, organization, and style. | Students will produce writing that is clear and coherent in its development, organization and style while considering the audience. Students must develop the ability to adhere to the specific task, purpose, and audience in their writing, whether the paper is informational, explanatory, or narrative.  Sixth grade students critique the work of their peers in order to give and receive feedback during the writing process. Students use rubrics to provide feedback to their peers. Students move from planning to drafting, revising, editing, and rewriting when necessary. The use of peer editing partners/groups enables students to obtain feedback from classmates in order to strengthen their writing skills. Teachers may provide students with a checklist and rubric to use when reviewing their peers" papers. Students can use tools including blogs and wikis, to develop their writing and communicate with students in their classes. Teachers may guide students |
| Develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or trying a new approach.                        | 6.W.5 With some guidance and support from peers and adults, develop and strengthen writing as needed by planning, revising, editing, rewriting, or  | 1  | 2              | 3*       | 4*             | I can develop, critique, and strengthen my writing by: -planning -revising -editing -rewriting -trying a new approach with guidance and support from peers and adults.   | toward internet tools already available to them which allow students to upload documents and participate in collaborative work groups. By the end of the year, students should master utilizing the use of the writing process independently.   |

|                                  | 4                            |    |    |  |   |
|----------------------------------|------------------------------|----|----|--|---|
|                                  | trying a new                 |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | approach (Editing            |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | for conventions              |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | should                       |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | demonstrate                  |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | command of                   |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | language                     |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | standards 1-3 up             |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | to and including             |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | grade 6.)                    |    |    |  |   |
| Use technology,                  | 6.W.6 Use                    | 3* | 4* | I can produce and publish writing  |   |
| including the Internet,          | technology,                  |    |    | using technology.  |   |
| to produce and publish           | including the                |    |    | 2  |   |
| writing and to interact          | internet, to                 | 3* | 4* | I can interact and collaborate with  |   |
| and collaborate with others.     | produce and                  |    |    | others using technology.   |   |
| others.                          | publish writing              |    |    | <i>5</i>   |   |
|                                  | as well as to                | 3* | 4* | I can type a minimum of three  |   |
|                                  | interact and                 |    |    | pages in a single  |   |
|                                  | collaborate with             |    |    | setting  |   |
|                                  | others;                      |    |    | <i>E</i>   |   |
|                                  | demonstrate                  |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | sufficient                   |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | command of                   |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | keyboarding                  |    |    |  |   |
|                                  | skills.                      |    |    |  |   |
| 7. Conduct short as              | 6.W.7 Conduct                | 3* | 4* | I can apply appropriate research   | Sixth grade students will conduct short research  |
| well as more sustained           | short research               | 3  | 7  | methods to conduct a short   | projects. To ensure deep understanding of the writing   |
| research projects based          | projects to                  |    |    | research project.  | prompt, teachers may first assign students to break down  |
| on focused questions,            | answer a                     | 3* | 4* | research project.  | and re-state the prompt in their own words using various  |
| demonstrating                    |                              | 3  | 4  | I can respond to a prompt by   | strategies such as turn the question around (TTQA).   |
| understanding of the             | question, drawing on several |    |    |  | Students may then brainstorm and compile a list of  |
| subject under                    | sources and                  |    |    | organizing information from several sources.   | credible sources they could use for their project. The  |
| investigation.                   |                              |    |    | several sources.   | teacher should reinforce the idea that a list of sources may not always be credible and change as students' |
|                                  | refocusing the               |    |    |  | research progresses. This allows students to refocus the  |
|                                  | inquiry when                 |    |    |  | intent of the research when appropriate.  |
| Cothon malores at                | appropriate.                 | 2  | 14 | The second secon | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·   |
| Gather relevant information from | 6.W.8 Gather                 | 3  | 4* | I can gather relevant information  | Students learn to gather relevant information from  |
| IIIOIIIauoii IIOiii              |                              |    |    |  |   |

| multiple print and digital sources, assess the credibility and accuracy of each source, and integrate the information while avoiding plagiarism. | relevant information from multiple print and digital sources; assess the credibility of each source; quote or paraphrase the data and conclusions of others while avoiding plagiarism and providing basic bibliographic information for sources. | 3<br>3<br>3<br>3 | 4* 4* 4* 4* 4* | from credible multiple print and digital sources.  I can define credible.  I can determine and assess the credibility of a source.  I can paraphrase the data and conclusions of others.  I can define plagiarism.  I can avoid plagiarism.  I can define bibliography.  I can provide basic bibliographic information for sources (e.g. | multiple print and digital sources to support research product(s). They develop the ability to judge each source and assess its overall accuracy and value to the task. In conjunction with the reading standards for literature and informational texts, students draw evidence from what they read to support their research. They also learn how to best integrate the information without plagiarizing. Students practice citing sources and weaving in the information into their own work. Students will also include a works cited page detailing all sources used in proper format.  Students in sixth grade are able to draw from texts, either literary or informational to support research, analysis, and reflection. Students are able to compare and contrast literary works that span genres with flexibility and ease and translate their ideas into specified written pieces reflective, analytical or both. By the same token, students must be able to evaluate the |
|--|--|------------------|----------------|--|--|
| Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  | 6.W.9 Draw evidence from literary or informational texts to support analysis, reflection, and research.  a. Apply grade 6 reading standards to literary texts (e.g. Compare and contrast texts in different forms or genres [e.g. stories and    |                  | 4*<br>4*       | I can compile and connect evidence from literature to support analysis, reflection, and research.  I can compare and contrast themes and topics with support in texts of various genres such as  | validity of the key details that support claims within informational pieces of various complexities.   |

|   | poems; historical<br>novels and<br>fantasy stories] in<br>terms of their<br>approaches to<br>similar themes.   |   |   |   |    | stories, poems, historical novels, and fantasy stories.   |  |
|---|--|---|---|---|----|---|--|
|   | b. Apply grade 6 reading standards to informational texts, including   |   |   |   | 4* | I can compile and connect<br>evidence from literary nonfiction<br>to support analysis, reflection,                          |  |
|   | literary nonfiction (e.g. Trace and evaluate the argument and specific claims in a text; distinguishing claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are                             |   |   |   | 4* | and research.  I can identify and differentiate claims that are supported by reasons and evidence from claims that are not. |  |
| Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single sitting or a day or two) for a range of tasks, purposes, and audiences. | not.) 6.W.10 Write routinely over extended time frames (time for research, reflection, and revision) and shorter time frames (a single setting or a day or two) for a range of discipline- specific tasks, | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4* | I can write for a range of discipline-specific tasks, purposes, and audiences in both extended and shorter time frames.     | Students in the sixth grade engage in numerous writing pieces throughout the year. Students write with a broad range of tasks, purposes, and audiences in mind. In addition, students should produce grade appropriate writing over both extended and shorter time frames. |

|                     | purposes, and audiences |  |      |
|---------------------|-------------------------|--|------|
| Speaking and Lister | nino                    |  | 6 SL |

| Speaking and Liste      | ning               |    |     |       |    |                                   | 6.SL   |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----|-----|-------|----|-----------------------------------|--|
|                         | 1.50 0.00          | ı  |     |       |    |                                   | ,  |
| CCR Anchor              | MS CCR             |    | Mas | stery |    | "I Can" Statements                | Clarifications   |
| Standard                | Standard           |    |     |       |    |                                   |  |
| Prepare for and         | 6.SL.1 Engage      |    |     |       |    |                                   | Sixth grade students will collaborate in groups to   |
| participate effectively | effectively in a   |    |     |       |    |                                   | discuss a variety of topics to express their ideas clearly   |
| in a range of           | range of           |    |     |       |    |                                   | and persuasively. At this level, students need to be able to actively and purposefully listen to and demonstrate |
| conversations and       | collaborative      |    |     |       |    |                                   | respect for each others' viewpoints. Students effectively  |
| collaborations with     | discussions (one-  |    |     |       |    |                                   | explain how their observations and readings (visual and  |
| diverse partners,       | on-one, in         |    |     |       |    |                                   | audio) contribute to a topic, theme or issue under study.  |
| building on others"     | groups, and        |    |     |       |    |                                   | One way teachers may facilitate student interaction  |
| ideas and expressing    | teacher-led) with  |    |     |       |    |                                   | within collaborative groups is to provide roles so all   |
| their own clearly and   | diverse partners   |    |     |       |    |                                   | group members have a purpose and stay connected and  |
| persuasively.           | on grade 6 topics, |    |     |       |    |                                   | engaged. Roles may vary based on the discussion at   |
|                         | texts, and issues, |    |     |       |    |                                   | hand, but may include positions like leader, time keeper,  |
|                         | building on        |    |     |       |    |                                   | recorder, reporter, etc. The assignment of roles by the  |
|                         | others' ideas and  |    |     |       |    |                                   | teacher allows students to better monitor how and when   |
|                         | expressing their   |    |     |       |    |                                   | students may discuss/elaborate on a certain issue. In  |
|                         | own clearly.       |    |     |       |    |                                   | addition, role assignments within groups build student   |
|                         |                    |    |     |       |    |                                   | independence and leadership. Sixth graders will engage   |
|                         | a. Come to         | 1* | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | I can engage in collaborative     | effectively in teacher-led discussions and discussions   |
|                         | discussions        |    |     |       |    | discussions (e.g. one-on-one,     | with partners. In addition, students should be able to   |
|                         | prepared,          |    |     |       |    | groups, teacher led, Socratic     | lead discussions with their peers. Examples of ways to   |
|                         | having read or     |    |     |       |    | Seminars) on grade 6 topics,      | facilitate speaking and listening learning includes: book  |
|                         | studied the        |    |     |       |    | texts, and issues.                | clubs, literature circles or Socratic seminars. These  |
|                         | required           | 1  | 2*  | 3*    | 4* |                                   | activities require students to prepare for the discussions   |
|                         | material,          |    |     |       |    | I can express and elaborate ideas | by reading, generating questions, and becoming familiar  |
|                         | explicitly draw on |    |     |       |    | clearly using evidence from the   | with a text before the discussion takes place. In order to   |
|                         | that preparation   |    | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | topic or text.                    | assure that students are aware of their participation and  |
|                         | by referring to    |    |     |       |    |                                   | performance within a class or group discussion, students   |
|                         | evidence on the    |    |     |       |    | I can assess and build on the     | are provided with a rubric to ensure clarity and   |
|                         | topic, text, or    | 1* | 2*  | 3*    | 4* | ideas of others in a discussion.  | understanding of what is being assessed.   |
|                         | issue to probe and |    |     |       |    |                                   |  |
|                         | reflect on ideas   |    |     |       |    | I can respond to questions posed  | Students are able to interpret, evaluate, and respond to   |

|  | b. Follow rules for collegial discussions, set specific goals and deadlines, and   | 1* | 2* | 3*<br>3* | 4*<br>4* | by group members with logical reasoning and details using evidence from the topic or text.  I can prepare for group discussion by reading and studying the required material.  I can collaboratively set specific goals and deadlines. | information presented in diverse media and formats. They learn how to perceive and explain how each medium shapes or influences the audience's perception and understanding of the information presented. Sixth grade students will also observe and critique how various mediums appeal to one or more senses with varying levels of intensity. In order to do this work, students could be presented with a speech and be asked to compare reading the speech to watching a video of the speech. Students may wonder: Which version did I prefer overall? Did I connect more to the information by |
|--|--|----|----|----------|----------|--|--|
|  | define individual roles as needed.  c. Pose and  |    |    |          |          | I can identify and define components and roles within a group discussion.  | listening or by reading? How did it affect my understanding to hear the speech? The responses to such questions may then be discussed and debated within a group or whole-class setting.   |
|  | respond to specific questions with elaboration and detail by making comments and contributing to the topic, text, or issue under discussion. |    | 2* | 3*       | 4*       | I can formulate and follow rules for a group discussion.   | This standard requires sixth grade students to evaluate a speaker's argument and distinguish between solid, supportive evidence and weaker details that do not directly link to the topic. One way to approach this is to analyze several speeches or debates. Student may use a graphic organizer as a note-taking tool to categorize and classify which claims in the speech are supported by clear evidence and which reasons are not.  |
|  | d. Review the key ideas expressed and demonstrate understanding of multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.                | 1* | 2* | 3*       | 4*       | I can respond to multiple perspectives through reflection and paraphrasing.  |  |
| Integrate and evaluate information presented | 6.SL.2 Interpret information   |    |    | 3*       | 4*       | I can interpret and respond to information presented visually.   |  |

| in diverse media and      | presented in      |       |                                      |  |
|---------------------------|-------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|--|
| formats, including        | diverse media and | 3* 4* | I can interpret and respond to       |  |
| visually, quantitatively, | formats (e.g.     |       | information presented                |  |
| and orally.               | visually,         |       | quantitatively.                      |  |
|                           | quantitatively,   | 3* 4* | 4                                    |  |
|                           | orally) and       |       | I can interpret and respond to       |  |
|                           | explain how it    |       | information presented orally.        |  |
|                           | contributes to a  | 3* 4* | mornation presented orang.           |  |
|                           | topic, text, or   |       | I can explain how information        |  |
|                           | issue under       |       | presented visually contributed to    |  |
|                           | study             |       | a topic, text, or issue under study. |  |
|                           | study             |       | a topic, text, or issue under study. |  |
|                           |                   | 3* 4* | I can explain how information        |  |
|                           |                   |       | presented quantitatively             |  |
|                           |                   |       | contributes to a topic, text, or     |  |
|                           |                   |       | issue under study.                   |  |
|                           |                   |       | issue under study.                   |  |
|                           |                   | 3* 4* | I can explain how information        |  |
|                           |                   |       | presented orally contributes to a    |  |
|                           |                   |       | topic, text, or issue under study.   |  |
| Evaluate a speaker's      | 6.SL.3 Delineate  | 3* 4* | I can define delineate.              |  |
| point of view,            | a speaker's       | _     |                                      |  |
| reasoning, and use of     | argument and      | 3* 4* | I can define and identify            |  |
| evidence and rhetoric     | specific claims,  |       | arguments.                           |  |
|                           | distinguishing    | 3 4*  |                                      |  |
|                           | claims that are   |       | I can define and identify claims.    |  |
|                           | supported by      | 3* 4* |                                      |  |
|                           | reasons and       |       | I can define and identify reasons.   |  |
|                           | evidence from     | 3* 4* |                                      |  |
|                           | claims that are   |       | I can define and identify            |  |
|                           | not.              | 3* 4* | evidence.                            |  |
|                           |                   |       |                                      |  |
|                           |                   |       | I can distinguish between            |  |
|                           |                   |       | supported and unsupported            |  |
|                           |                   | 3* 4* | claims.                              |  |
|                           |                   |       |                                      |  |
|                           |                   |       | I can delineate a speaker's          |  |

| findings, and supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience to descriptions, descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of atta to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in a presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of atta to express information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and explain the relevance in multimedia components in presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate eye contact. Adequate volume.  1 can use appropriate eye contact. Students may incorporate must order. Students will utilize skills that are commonent o |                       |                    |    |    | argument and claims.               |   |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------|----|----|------------------------------------|---|
| supporting evidence such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of parsentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of parsentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of parsentations  Make strategic use of digital media and to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in clarify information.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3 * 4* I can demonstrate command of states to descriptions, at least of their deas in a logical, sequentia discussions, with partners or with a small groups tudents organize their ideas in a logical, sequential descriptions, accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  I can a sequencia ideas logically with the use of transitions.  I ca | *                     |                    | 3* | 4* | I can present and elaborate claims | During speaking tasks and activities, sixth grade           |
| such that listeners can follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience the accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of and nenance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of and to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify  I can use appropriate the relevance in multimedia components in order to make sure that all expected elements are incorporated. Some elements students should include are using appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  I can use appropriate eye contact. I can use appropriate eye contact. I can use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make interpretation to the pronunciation in order to make sure that all expected elements are incorporated. Some elements students should include are using appropriate eye contact. Students may incorporate eve contact. adequate volume.  I can use appropriate eye contact. Students may incorporate music and/or sound effects into their presentation to bring the information.  Students organize their ideas in a logical, sequentia order. Students may benefit from a graphic organize unsing appropriate appropria |                       | 6.SL.4 Present     |    |    | and findings.                      |   |
| follow the line of reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media a |                       | claims and         | 3* | 4* |                                    |   |
| reasoning and the organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Adapt speech to a 6.SL-6 Adapt 3* 4* I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL-6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  |                       | findings,          |    |    | I can sequence ideas logically     |   |
| organization, development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience  Burpose, and audience  I can provide pertinent descriptions, facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Adapt speech to a  Adapt speech to a  Jocal ly and using pertinent descriptions, details and facts to accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  Jean use appropriate eye contact, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  Jean use appropriate eye contact.  Jean use appropriate eye contact.  Jean use appropriate volume.  Jean use appropriate eye contact.  Students may benefit from a graphic organize and rubric during the planning stages of presentation or order to make sure that all expected elements are incorporated. Some elements students should include are using appropriate eye contact.  Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia components in presentations to clarify information.  Jean use appropriate eye contact.  Jean use appro |                       | sequencing ideas   | 3* | 4* | with the use of transitions.       |   |
| development, and style are appropriate to task, purpose, and audience facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of clearify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in formation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Developments (accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation in accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  Lean use appropriate eye contact.  Students may incorporate teority information.  Students must be able to determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentation to clarify information.  Lean use appropriate eye c |                       | logically and      |    |    |                                    |   |
| facts, and details to accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  I can use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations of clarify  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in a presentation to bring the information to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentation to to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Adapt speech to a  Adapt speech to a  As 4*  accentuate main ideas or themes within a presentation.  I can use appropriate eye contact. Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia components to clariance to multimedia components understanding the relevance in multimedia components in presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia components in order to add clarity to their content. For example, students may incorporate music and/or sounce effects into their presentation to bring the information to clarify information.  Students should be expected to incorporate technology in their presentations to clarity spential eye contact.  Students should be expected to incorporate technology in their presentations to clarify information to clarify information in order to add clarity to their content. For example, students may incorporate presentations to clarify  |                       | using pertinent    |    |    | I can provide pertinent            | and rubric during the planning stages of presentation in    |
| to accentuate main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia components such as graphics and images in thei example, students may incorporate music and/or sounc thermes; use and explain the relevance in multimedia components in presentation to bring the information to life and allow for greater engagement with the audience. Students may incorporate music and/or sounc deffects into their presentation to bring the information to life and allow for greater engagement with the audience. Students may incorporate posters outlining the relevance in multimedia components in relevance to larity information.  Students must be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audience. Students may incorporate music and/or sounc defects into their presenta |                       | descriptions,      |    |    | descriptions, details and facts to | order to make sure that all expected elements are           |
| main ideas or themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentation to bring the information to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate volume.  Valuetal such as graphics and images in their presentations to clarify information and explain the relevance understance to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  | purpose, and audience | facts, and details |    |    | accentuate main ideas or themes    | •   |
| main ideas of themes; use appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategin use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate volume.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate volume.  I can use appropriate eye contact.  I can use appropriate volume.  Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia components such as graphics and images in their presentations to clarify information to bring the information to bring the information to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of addressing  |                       | to accentuate      | 3* | 4* | within a presentation.             |   |
| appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify  information.  Adapt speech to a  Agenta speech to a  A**  I can use appropriate volume.  I can use appropriate posters outlining presentations in order to add clarity to their content. For example, students may incorporate posters outlining presentations to clarify information to their presentation to bring the information to clarify information.  I can use appropriate pronunciation  I can use appropriate pronunciation  I can use appropriate mustions and captivate their audience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their sudience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their sudience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their sudience. Students may incorporate music and/or sounce effects into their presentations to their presentations to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students may incorporate technology to enhance their audience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their audience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their audience.  |                       | main ideas or      |    |    |                                    | pronunciation.  |
| appropriate eye contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays in and enhance understanding of presentations  (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance in multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays will best clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance what visual displays will best clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance of their presentations to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students must be able to determine and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students mean displays in a presentation in to clarify information.  Students may also incorporate posters outlening charts/graphs to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students may also incor |                       | themes; use        |    |    | I can use appropriate eye contact. | Students should be expected to incorporate multimedia       |
| contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Contact, adequate volume, and clear pronunciation.  I can use appropriate pronunciation.  I can use appropriate pronunciation and explain the relevance in multimedia components in presentations to clarify information.  I can use appropriate volume.  I can use appropriate volurity information to clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance volume.  I can use appropriate volarity information to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audience. Students may incorporate runsic and/or sounce ffects into their presentation to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audience. Students may incorporate technology to enhance their volume.  I can use and explain the relevance volume.  I can use appropriate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance volume.  I can use appropriate and determine what visual displays in a presentation in to clarify information.  I can use appropriate volume.   |                       | appropriate eye    | 3* | 4* |                                    |   |
| make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations presentations of clarify information.  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Jean use appropriate pronunciation  The can use and explain the relevance in multimedia components in presentations to clarify information.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  |                       | contact, adequate  |    |    | I can use appropriate volume.      | presentations in order to add clarity to their content. For |
| Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  (e.g., graphics, inages, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance understanding of presentations to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences. Students may incorporate music and/or sounce effects into their presentation to bring the information to life and allow for greater engagement with the audience. Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students must be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  |                       | volume, and clear  | 3* | 4* |                                    | example, students may incorporate posters outlining         |
| Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  6.SL.5 Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  6.SL.5 Include multimedia 3* 4* I can use and explain the relevance in multimedia components to components in presentations to clarify information.  5. I can use and explain the relevance in multimedia components to components in presentations to clarify information.  6.SL.5 Include multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain the relevance in multimedia components to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Adapt speech to a  6.SL.6 Adapt  3* 4* I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  4 I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  5 I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  |                       | pronunciation.     |    |    | I can use appropriate              |   |
| Make strategic use of digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations    Adapt speech to a   Can be a first or strategic use of digital media and visual display sin presentations   S.S.L. S Include multimedia   Students may also incorporate technology to enhance   Students may also incorporate   S |                       |                    |    |    | pronunciation                      | · · ·   |
| digital media and visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations  I can evaluate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  multimedia components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify and office their presentations.  The valuate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentations to clarify information.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.  Students may also incorporate technology to enhance their presentation.   | Make strategic use of | 6.SL.5 Include     | 3* | 4* | I can use and explain the          |   |
| visual displays of data to express information and enhance understanding of presentations    Components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentations    Components (e.g., graphics, images, music, sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information in presentations to clarify information.    I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.    Adapt speech to a   6.SL.6 Adapt   3* 4*   I can demonstrate command of   4*   I can demonst |                       | multimedia         |    |    | relevance in multimedia            |   |
| and enhance understanding of presentations    Carry information    |                       | components         |    |    | components in presentations to     |   |
| understanding of presentations  I can evaluate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentations  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation  Adapt speech to a  I can evaluate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentations to fit the audience.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Students must be able to determine language that is appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.   |                       | (e.g., graphics,   |    |    | clarify information.               | Presentation.   |
| presentations  sound) and visual displays in presentations to clarify information.  I can evaluate and determine what visual displays will best clarify information in presentations to fit the audience.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Students findst be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that allow them to manipulate their speech based upor context.  Students findst be able to determine appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes. Students need assignments that appropriate and effective for addressing a variety of audiences and purposes.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  6.SL.6 Adapt  3* 4* I can demonstrate command of   |                       | images, music,     | 3* | 4* |                                    |   |
| displays in presentations to clarify information in presentation.  3* 4* presentations to fit the audience.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  6.SL.6 Adapt  displays in presentation sto clarify information in presentation to clarify information.  3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  | _                     | sound) and visual  |    |    | I can evaluate and determine       |   |
| presentations to clarify information in presentations to fit the audience.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Clarify information in presentations to fit the audience.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  6.SL.6 Adapt  3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  | r                     | displays in        |    |    | what visual displays will best     |   |
| clarify information.  I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a  Context.  Context.   |                       | presentations to   |    |    | clarify information in             |   |
| I can use and explain relevance visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of   |                       | clarify            | 3* | 4* | presentations to fit the audience. |   |
| visual displays in a presentation to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of   |                       | information.       |    |    |                                    |   |
| to clarify information.  Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of   |                       |                    |    |    | I can use and explain relevance    |   |
| Adapt speech to a 6.SL.6 Adapt 3* 4* I can demonstrate command of  |                       |                    |    |    | visual displays in a presentation  |   |
|  |                       |                    |    |    | to clarify information.            |   |
|  | * *                   | 6.SL.6 Adapt       | 3* | 4* | I can demonstrate command of       |   |
| variety of contexts and speech to a the conventions of standard  |                       | speech to a        |    |    | the conventions of standard        |   |
| communicative tasks, variety of English grammar and usage when   | -                     | variety of         |    |    | English grammar and usage when     |   |
| demonstrating command of formal contexts and writing or speaking.  |                       | contexts and       |    |    | writing or speaking.               |   |
| English when indicated tasks,  |                       | tasks,             |    |    |                                    |   |

| or appropriate | demonstrating     | 3* | 4* | I can describe and use the        |  |
|----------------|-------------------|----|----|-----------------------------------|--|
|                | command of        |    |    | qualities of formal speech.       |  |
|                | formal English    |    |    |                                   |  |
|                | when indicated or | 3* | 4* | I can describe and use the        |  |
|                | appropriate. (See |    |    | qualities of informal speech.     |  |
|                | grade 6           |    |    |                                   |  |
|                | Language          | 3* | 4* | I can determine if formal or      |  |
|                | standards 1 and 3 |    |    | informal speech is appropriate in |  |
|                | for specific      |    |    | the context of a given situation. |  |
|                | expectations)     |    |    |                                   |  |
|                |                   |    |    |                                   |  |
|                |                   |    |    |                                   |  |

Language 6.L

| CCR Anchor   | MS CCR  | Mastery    | "I Can" Statements  | Clarifications   |
|--|---|------------|---|--|
| Standard  Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing or speaking. | Standard  6.L.1 Demonstrate command of the conventions of standard English grammar and usage when writing (printing, cursive, or keyboarding) or speaking  a. Ensure that pronouns are in the proper case (subjective, objective, possessive)  b. Use intensive | 1 2* 3* 4* | I can demonstrate and use the proper use of pronouns in the subjective case.  I can demonstrate and use the proper use of pronouns in the objective case. | Sixth grade students will show their understanding of the conventions of standard English grammar when writing or speaking. In order to achieve this, students may draw conclusions about the purposeful use of verb tenses and forms, skillful use of voice, and contextual meaning of language. There is an emphasis on pronoun usage at the sixth grade level.  Students are able to use standard conventions to purposefully communicate intention and meaning to their reader. One way to approach this learning is through routine modeling and practice. Practice may occur through grammatical mini-lessons, editing conferences, and writers' workshop. |

|             | ,           |    |     |    |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|----|-----|----|--|--|
| pronouns    | -           | 2  | 3*  | 4* | Loop domonstrate and was the                   |  |
| myself, ou  | irselves) 1 | 2  | 3** | 4" | I can demonstrate and use the                  |  |
|             |             |    |     |    | proper use of pronouns in the possessive case. |  |
|             |             |    |     |    | possessive case.                               |  |
|             | 1           | 2  | 3*  | 4* | I can demonstrate and use the                  |  |
|             | 1           | 2  | 3   | 7  | proper use of intensive pronouns.              |  |
|             |             |    |     |    | proper use of intensive pronouns.              |  |
|             | 1           | 2  | 3*  | 4* | I can recognize correct shifts in              |  |
|             |             | _  | Ü   | •  | pronoun number and person.                     |  |
| c. Recogn   | ize         |    |     |    | pronoun number und person                      |  |
| correct an  |             | 2  | 3*  | 4* | I can recognize inappropriate                  |  |
| inappropri  |             | _  |     | -  | shifts in pronoun number and                   |  |
| shifts in p |             |    |     |    | person.  |  |
| number ar   |             |    |     |    | F  |  |
| person.     | 1           | 2  | 3*  | 4* | I can recognize and correct vague              |  |
|             |             |    |     |    | pronouns and pronoun                           |  |
| d. Recogn   | ize and     |    |     |    | antecedents.                                   |  |
| correct va  |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| pronouns    |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| i.e. ones w | vith        |    |     |    |  |  |
| unclear or  |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| ambiguou    | s           |    |     |    |  |  |
| anteceden   | ts 1        | 2* | 3*  | 4* | I can locate and correct mistakes              |  |
|             |             |    |     |    | in my own and others writing and               |  |
| e. Recogn   |             |    |     |    | speaking.                                      |  |
| variations  | from        |    |     |    |  |  |
| standard E  |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| in their ov |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| in others'  | •           |    |     |    |  |  |
| and speak   |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| identify an |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| strategies  | to          |    |     |    |  |  |
| improve     |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| expression  |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| convention  |             |    |     |    |  |  |
| language.   |             |    |     |    |  |  |

| Demonstrate                              | 6.L.2               |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|--|---------------------|----|----|----|----|------------------------------------|---|
| command of the                           | Demonstrate         |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| conventions of                           | command of the      |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| standard English                         | conventions of      |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| capitalization,                          | standard English    |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| punctuation, and                         | capitalization,     |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| spelling when writing                    | punctuation, and    |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | spelling when       |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | writing.            |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  |                     |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | a. Use              |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | punctuation         | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can define and punctuate to set  |   |
|  | (commas,            |    |    |    |    | off nonrestrictive/ parenthetical  |   |
|  | parenthesis,        |    |    |    |    | elements.                          |   |
|  | dashes) to set off  |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | nonrestrictive/     |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | parenthetical       |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | elements.           |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  | b. Spell correctly  | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can recall and apply spelling    |   |
|  |                     |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
|  |                     | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can identify and correct         | Sixth grade students will understand how language can be used to convey specific meanings or particular effects |
|  | C 1 . O 1 1         |    |    |    |    | misspelled words                   | to the reader. One way students may approach this   |
| Apply knowledge of                       | 6.L.3 Use           |    |    |    |    |                                    | standard is by experimenting with varying sentence  |
| language to understand                   | knowledge of        |    |    |    |    |                                    | patterns. In addition, students may also write and revise   |
| how language                             | language and its    |    |    |    |    |                                    | text to include varied sentence patterns.   |
| functions in different                   | conventions when    |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| contexts, to make                        | writing, speaking,  |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| effective choices for                    | reading, or         |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| meaning or style, and                    | listening.          |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| to comprehend more fully when reading or | a. Vary sentence    |    |    |    |    |                                    |   |
| listening                                | patterns for        |    | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can write and revise texts using |   |
| nowining                                 | meaning,            |    | _  | 5  | 7  | varied sentence patterns (e.g.,    |   |
|  | reader/listener     |    |    |    |    | simple, compound, complex,         |   |
|  | interest, and style |    |    |    |    | compound-complex).                 |   |
|  |                     |    |    |    |    | r                                  |   |

|   | b. Maintain consistency in   |      | 2    | 3*       | 4*       | I can maintain a consistent style  |   |
|---|--|------|------|----------|----------|--|---|
|   | style and tone   |      |      |          |          | and tone when writing.   |   |
|   |  |      | 2    | 3*       | 4*       | I can maintain a consistent style and tone when speaking.  |   |
| Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple- meaning words and phrases by using context clues, analyzing meaningful word parts, and consulting general and specialized reference materials, as appropriate | 6.L.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 6 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies. |      |      |          |          |  | Sixth grade students use their familiarity with language and its structure as a tool to aid their reading comprehension and composition. To achieve this, students draw from a variety of skills including using context and function to determine a word's meaning, analyzing unknown words using knowledge of Greek and Latin roots, and developing the skills to use reference tools when necessary. Possible activities to attain this goal include practice with analogies in order to understand how function can serve as a clue to an unknown word and word studies of common roots. As students refine these skills, they should be asked to routinely apply their knowledge in authentic reading, writing, and speaking contexts. |
|   | a. Use context (e.g. the overall meaning of a sentence or paragraph; a word's position or function in the sentence) as a clue to the meaning of a word or phrase.            | 1* 2 | 2* 2 | 3*       | 4*       | I can determine the meaning of a word using context clues.  I can compose sentences using context clues to help determine the meaning. | Students understand the nuanced, unspoken, and non-literal meanings of language. In addition, students may benefit from participating in activities that require them to determine the relative strength, meaning, or relationship between words. Possible activities to attain this goal include word study of synonyms and antonyms, analogies, and practice with language tools including the dictionary and thesaurus. Following these activities, students should be asked to apply their understanding more directly to their reading and writing by analyzing how word choice impacts the meaning of a text. General academic words are more likely to appear in written text than in speech. They often represent                   |
|   | b. Use common, grade appropriate Greek or Latin affixes and roots as clues to the meaning of a   | 1* 2 | -    | 3*<br>3* | 4*<br>4* | I can determine and clarify the meaning of a word using grade appropriate affixes.  I can determine and clarify the                    | subtle or precise ways to say relatively simple things (saunter instead of walk). They are highly transferable. Domain-specific words are specific to a domain or field of study. Because of their specificity and close ties to content knowledge they are more common in informational text. (CCSS, Appendix A, pg. 33)   |

|                       | 1/-                  |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|-----------------------|----------------------|----|----|----|----|------------------------------------|--|
|                       | word (e.g.,          |    |    |    |    | meaning of a word using grade      | To be encountil sinth and a students off virule.   |
|                       | audience,            |    |    |    |    | appropriate Greek or Latin roots.  | To be successful, sixth grade students effectively   |
|                       | auditory,            |    |    |    |    |                                    | understand and apply conversational, academic, and   |
|                       | audible).            |    |    |    |    |                                    | domain-specific vocabulary. A language-rich classroom  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    |                                    | may incorporate these words and phrases in a variety of  |
|                       | c. Consult           |    |    |    |    |                                    | ways. For example, students may focus on acquiring varied conversational vocabulary as they participate in |
|                       | reference            | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can consult print reference      | cooperative learning groups and the editing of their own   |
|                       | materials (e.g.,     | 1  | 2  | 3  | 7  | material to find the pronunciation | writing and the writing of their peers. Academic   |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    | _                                  | vocabulary may be taught and modeled through   |
|                       | dictionaries,        |    |    |    |    | of a word.                         | classroom assignments. For instance, students may  |
|                       | glossaries,          |    |    |    |    |                                    | require practice with the process of analyzing. Work like  |
|                       | thesauruses),        | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can consult print reference      | this may include analyzing of a variety of texts –   |
|                       | both print and       |    |    |    |    | material to clarify the precise    | pictures, poems, and directions. Students may also   |
|                       | digital, to find the |    |    |    |    | meaning of a word.                 | benefit from assessing assignments and determining the   |
|                       | pronunciation of a   |    |    |    |    |                                    | key processes required. Many students can benefit from   |
|                       | word or              | 1* | 2* | 3* | 4* | I can consult print reference      | the use of writing frames or sentence starters in order to   |
|                       | determine or         |    |    |    |    | material to clarify the part of    | gain proficiency with academic terms and phrases.  |
|                       | clarify its precise  |    |    |    |    | speech of a word.                  | Finally, domain-specific vocabulary may be displayed   |
|                       | meaning or its       |    |    |    |    | special of a word.                 | throughout the classroom, such as on a word wall, and  |
|                       | part of speech.      | 1* | 2  | 3* | 4* | I can consult digital reference    | routinely referenced during instruction. Students should   |
|                       | part of speech.      | 1  | 2  | 5  | 4  | 1                                  | be able to use these on a daily basis and justify usage  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    | material to find the pronunciation | when prompted. In addition, students need strategies to  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    | of a word.                         | interpret unknown words and their meanings. These  |
|                       | d. Verify the        |    |    |    |    |                                    | skills may take the forms of using context clues,  |
|                       | preliminary          |    |    | 3* | 4* | I can verify the initial           | understanding Greek and Latin roots, and applying grammatical knowledge of function and form.              |
|                       | determination of a   |    |    |    |    | determination of the meaning of a  | grammatical knowledge of function and form.  |
|                       | meaning of a         |    |    |    |    | word using an alternate source     |  |
|                       | word phrase (e.g.,   |    |    |    |    | (e.g., dictionary, context clues). |  |
|                       | by checking the      |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       | inferred             |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       | meaning in           |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       | context or in a      |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       | dictionary).         |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       |                      |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
| Demonstrate           | 6.L.5                |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
| understanding of word | Demonstrate an       |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
| relationships and     | understanding of     |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
| nuances in word       | figurative           |    |    |    |    |                                    |  |
|                       |                      | 1  |    |    |    | l                                  |  |

| meanings        | language, word relationships, and nuances in word meanings.  a. Interpret figures of speech (e.g., personification) in context.  b. Use the relationship between particular words (e.g., cause/effect, part/whole, item/category) to better understand each of the words.  c. Distinguish among the connotations (associations) of words with similar denotations (definitions) (e.g., stingy, scrimping, economical | 1<br>1<br>1<br>1*<br>1* | 2* 2* 2* 2 2 | 3* 3* 3* 3* | 4* 4* 4* 4* 4* | I can define and effectively use figurative language.  I can interpret figures of speech in context.  I can identify the relationship between two words.  I can analyze the relationship between two words to clarify meaning.  I can define and use connotation to determine the meaning of a word.  I can define and use denotation to determine the meaning of a word.  I can define and use denotation to determine the meaning of a word. |
|-----------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|----------------|--|
| Acquire and use |  | 1                       | 2            | 3*          | 4*             | I can distinguish among the connotations of words with similar meanings.  I can use grade appropriate  |

|                         |                   |   |   |    |    | 4                              |
|-------------------------|-------------------|---|---|----|----|--------------------------------|
| accurately a range of   | use accurately    |   |   |    |    | academic vocabulary in writing |
| general academic and    | Grade appropriate |   |   |    |    | and speaking.                  |
| domain-specific words   | general academic  |   |   |    |    |                                |
| and phrases sufficient  | and               | 1 | 2 | 3* | 4* | I can use grade appropriate    |
| for reading, writing,   | domain-specific   |   |   |    |    | domain-specific vocabulary in  |
| speaking, and listening | words and         |   |   |    |    | writing and speaking.          |
| at the college and      | phrases; gather   |   |   |    |    |                                |
| career readiness level; | vocabulary        | 1 | 2 | 3* | 4* | I can use my knowledge of      |
| demonstrate             | knowledge when    |   |   |    |    | vocabulary skills when         |
| independence in         | considering a     |   |   |    |    | considering words and phrases  |
| gathering vocabulary    | word or phrase    |   |   |    |    | important to comprehension or  |
| knowledge when          | important to      |   |   |    |    | expression.                    |
| encountering an         | comprehension or  |   |   |    |    |                                |
| unknown term            | expression.       |   |   |    |    |                                |
| important to            |                   |   |   |    |    |                                |
| comprehension or        |                   |   |   |    |    |                                |
| expression              |                   |   |   |    |    |                                |